

328455(28)

**B. E. (Fourth Semester) Examination,
April-May 2021**

(New Scheme)

(ET & T Engg. Branch)

SIGNALS and SYSTEMS

Time Allowed : Three hours

Maximum Marks : 80

Minimum Pass Marks : 28

Note : Part (a) of each question is compulsory & carries 2 marks. Solve any two from (b), (c) and (d) and carries 7 marks.

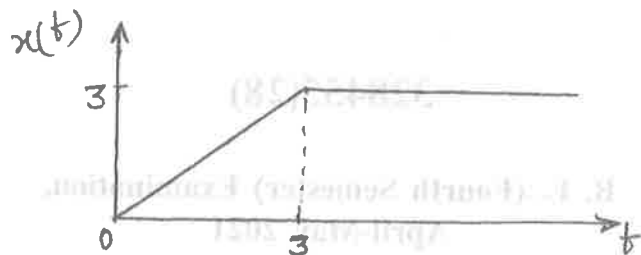
Unit-I

1. (a) Define deterministic and random signals with examples.

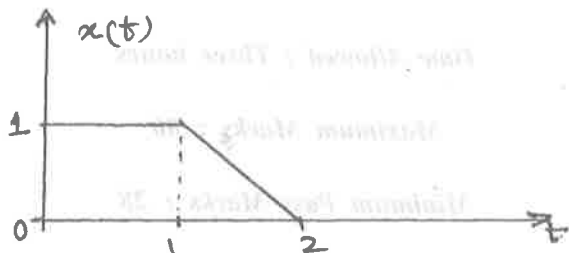
2

[2]

- (b) Determine whether the signal is energy signal or power signal. 7



- (c) Sketch the plot $\left(x\frac{3}{2}t+1\right)$ for $x(t)$ given in figure. 7



- (d) Determine the properties of the system for 7

$$y[n] = 3y^2[n-1] - nx[n] + 4x[n-1] - x[n+1]$$

- (i) Memoryless/with memory
- (ii) Time variant / Invariant
- (iii) Linear / Non Linear

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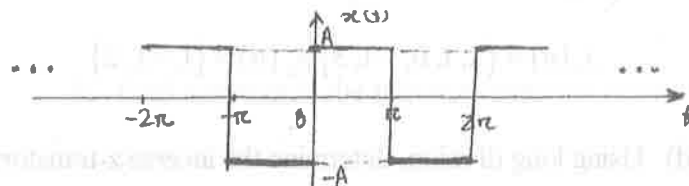
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(iv) Anticipative / Non anticipative

(v) Stable / Unstable

Unit-II

2. (a) Define Dirichlet's conditions for the existence of fourier series. 2
- (b) Obtain the trigonometric fourier series for the waveform shown. 7



- (c) Find the Fourier Transform of $x(t) = 1/t$. 7

- (d) Find the Inverse Fourier transform of

$$X(w) = \frac{jw}{(2+jw)^2}$$

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Unit-III

3. (a) Explain Region of convergence for Z-transform. 2
 (b) Determine the z-transform of the given sequence. 7
 Also sketch the ROC and Poles zero location.

$$x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(-n) - 2^n u(-n-1)$$

- (c) Using z-transform, find the convolution of the sequence. 7

$$x_1(n) = \{2, 1, 0, -1, 3\} \quad x_2(n) = \{1, -3, 2\}$$

- (d) Using long division, determine the inverse z-transform

$$\text{of } X(z) = \frac{z^2 + 2z}{z^3 - 3z^2 + 4z + 1}; \text{ ROC } |z| > 1. \quad 7$$

Unit-IV

4. (a) Show that : 2
 $x(t) * \delta(t - t_0) = x(t - t_0)$

- (b) Compute the output $y(t)$ for a continuous time LTI

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system whose impulse response $h(t)$ and the input $x(t)$ are given by :

$$h(t) = e^{-\alpha t} u(t)$$

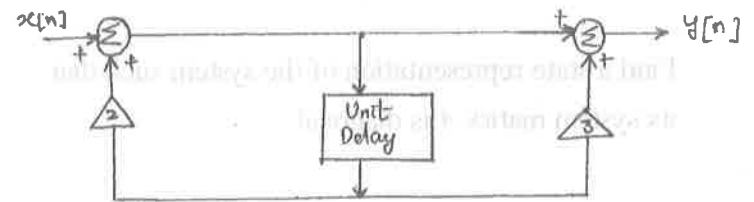
$$x(t) = e^{\alpha t} u(-t) \text{ for } \alpha > 0$$

- (c) Consider a continuous time LTI system described by : 7

$$y(t) = T\{x(t)\} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{t-T/2}^{t+T/2} x(\tau) d\tau$$

- (i) Find and sketch the impulse response $h(t)$ at the system
 (ii) Is this system causal?

- (d) Consider the discrete time system. Write a difference equation that relates the output $y[n]$. 7



[6]

Unit-V

5. (a) Define the state of system. 2
- (b) Find the state equation of a discrete time system described by 7

$$y[n] - \frac{3}{4}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{8}y[n-2] = x[n]$$

- (c) A continuous time LTI system is described by the following equation, find the state equation of the system. 7

$$\ddot{y}(t) + 3\dot{y}(t) + 2y(t) = 4\dot{x}(t) + x(t)$$

- (d) Consider a discrete time LTI system with system function. 7

$$H(z) = \frac{2z^2 - 3z + 1}{2(z+1)\left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)}$$

Find a state representation of the system such that its system matrix A is diagonal.

